| $\mathrm{t}($ minutes $)$ | 0 | 2 | 6 | 7 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{v}(\mathrm{t})($ meters <br> per minute $)$ | 0 | 100 | 140 | -120 | 50 |

Johanna jogs along a straight path. For $0 \leq t \leq 10$, Johanna's velocity is given by a differential function $v$. Selected values of $v(t)$, where $t$ is measured in minutes and $v(t)$ is measured in meters per minute, are given in the table above.
A) Using correct units, explain the meaning of the definite integral $\frac{1}{10} \int_{0}^{10} v(t) d t$ in the context of the problem. Approximate the value of $\frac{1}{10} \int_{0}^{10} v(t) d t$ using a right Riemann sum with four sub-intervals indicated in the table.
B) Based on the model $v(t)=t^{3}-5 t^{2}+100$, find the average velocity (Average Value) during the interval $0 \leq t \leq 2$.

